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From Saturday November 10, to Tuesday November 13, 1770.

Weſtminſter, November 13.

THIS Day His Majeſty came to the Houſe of Peers, and being in His Royal Robes, ſeated on the Throne with the uſual Solemnity, Sir Francis Molyneux, Gentleman Uſher of the Black Rod, was ſent with a Meſſage from His Majeſty to the Houſe of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the Houſe of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, His Majeſty was pleaſed to make the following moſt gracious Speech:

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

WHEN I laſt met you in Parliament, I renewed to you the Aſſurances, which I had before given you, that it was My fixed Purpoſe to preſerve the General Tranquility; maintaining at the ſame Time the Honour of My Crown, together with the juſt Rights and Intereſts of My People: And it was with much Satisfaction that I indulged the Hope of being ſtill able to continue to My Subjects the Enjoyment of Peace with Honour and Security. Since that Time, thoſe very Conſiderations, which I then promiſed you that I would never ſacrifice even to the Deſire of Peace, have laid Me under an indiſpenſable Neceſſity of preparing for a different Situation.

By the Act of the Governor of Buenos Ayres, in ſeizing by Force one of My Poſſeſſions, the Honour of My Crown, and the Security of My People's Rights, were become deeply affected. Under theſe Circumſtances, I did not fail to make an immediate Demand from the Court of Spain, of ſuch Satisfaction as I had a Right to expect for the Injury I had received. I directed alſo the neceſſary Preparations to be made, without Loſs of Time, for enabling Me to do Myſelf Juſtice, in caſe My Requiſition to the Court of Spain ſhould fail of procuring It for Me. And theſe Preparations, you may be aſſured, I ſhall not think it expedient to diſcontinue, until I ſhall have received proper Reparation for the Injury, as well as ſatisfactory Proof, that other Powers are equally ſincere with Myſelf in the Reſolution to preſerve the General Tranquility of Europe. In the mean Time, I have called you together thus early, in order that I may be able to receive from you ſuch Advice and Aſſiſtance, as, in the further Progreſs of this very important Buſineſs, may happen to become requiſite.

With reſpect to the State of My Colonies in North America, although I have the Satisfaction to acquaint you, that the People in moſt of them have begun to depart from thoſe Combinations, which were calculated to diſtreſs the Commerce of this Kingdom; yet, in ſome Parts of the Colony of the Maſſachuſet's Bay, very unwarrantable Practices are ſtill carried on, and My good Subjects oppreſſed by the ſame lawleſs Violence which has too long prevailed in that Province.

I hope, and truſt, that the Precautions, which have already been uſed for ſecuring this Country againſt the Viſitation of that fatal Calamity, which has of late appeared in ſome of the diſtant Parts of Europe, will, with the Bleſſing of God, prove ſucceſsful. But if, from any Alteration of Circumſtances, it ſhould at any Time be found, that farther Proviſions will be wanted, I cannot doubt of your ready Concurrence for ſo ſalutary a Purpoſe.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Commons,

I will order the proper Eſtimates for the Service of the enſuing Year to be laid before you. They muſt unavoidably, in our preſent Situation, exceed the uſual Amount. Every unneceſſary Expence My Concern for the Eaſe of My good Subjects will ever make Me careful to avoid. But I ſhould neither conſult their Intereſt, nor their Inclination, if I were to decline any Expence, which the Publick Security, or the Maintenance of the National Honour, does at any Time require.

My Lords, and Gentlemen,

I am ſenſible how little I need ſay to you, at this Time, to prevail upon you to unite in whatever may beſt promote the true Intereſt of your Country. In all your Deliberations upon Points of a Domeſtick Nature, let the Extenſion of our Commerce, the Improvement of the Revenue, and the Maintenance of Order and good Government, be always in your View. With reſpect to Foreign Meaſures, there will, I am perſuaded, be no other Conteſt among you, than who ſhall appear moſt forward in the Support of the Common Cauſe, in upholding the Reputation, and promoting the Proſperity of the Kingdom. For the Attainment of theſe Ends, you ſhall ever find Me ready to exert Myſelf to the utmoſt. I have no Intereſt, I can have none, diſtinct from That of My People.

THE Names of thoſe who were nominated for Sheriffs by the Lords of the Council at the Exchequer Chamber, on the Morrow of St. Martin, in the Eleventh Year of the Reign of King George the Third, and in the Year of our Lord, 1770.

Berkſhire, Sir William Stonehouſe, of Radley, Bart.
Jeremiah Crutchley, of Sunning-Hill Park, Eſq;
John Watts, of Lovells Hill, Eſq;

Bedfordſhire, Walter Scott, of Aſpley Guiſe, Eſq;
Charles Barnett, of Stratton, Eſq;
Sir Gilbias Payne, of Tempsford, Bart.

Buckinghamſhire, Thomas Dorrell, of Fingeſt, Eſq;
John Bullock, of Colnbrook, Eſq;
Lovel Badcock, of Amerſham, Eſq;

Cumberland, William Brownrigge, of Ormathwaite, Eſq;
John Spedding, of Armathwaite, Eſq;
George Auguſtus Stanley, of Ponſonby, Eſq;

Cheſhire, John Crew, of Bolſworth, Eſq;
George Preſcott, of Eardſhaw, Eſq;
Thomas Aſhton, of Aſhley, Eſq;

Camb' & Hunt' Henry Lyell, of Bourne, Eſq;
Chriſtopher Anſley, of Trumpington, Eſq;
Geoffrey Nightingale, of Kneeſworth, Eſq;

Cornwall, Nicholas Avant, of Trevillian, Eſq;
Thomas Jones, of Trinity, Eſq;
John Call, of Whiteford, Eſq;

Devonſhire, Richard Doidge, of Elford Leigh, Eſq;
Charles Hayne, of Lupton, Eſq;
John Duke, of Otterton, Eſq;

Dorſetſhire,

[Price Three-Pence.]

Dorſetſhire,	John Newton, of Spetisbury, Eſq;
	Harvey Ekins, of Bere Regis, Eſq;
	John Smith, of Sydling St. Nicholas, Eſq;
Derbyſhire,	William Milnes, of Longſtone, Eſq;
	Francis Noel Clarke Mundy, of Markeaton, Eſq;
	Sir Harry Harpur, of Caulk Hall, Bart.
Eſſex,	Charles Raymond, of Ilford Ward, Eſq;
	Thomas Brand, of Ingateſtone, Eſq;
	Petef Bigot, of Upton, Eſq;
Glouceſterſhire,	Thomas Maſter, of Cirenceſter, Eſq;
	Edmund Waller, of Farmington, Eſq;
	Joſeph Pyrke, of Little Dean, Eſq;
Hertfordſhire,	Sir Abraham Hume, Bart.
	George Preſcott, of Theobalds, Eſq;
	John Gwilt, of Cheſhunt, Eſq;
Herefordſhire,	John Delahay, of Peter Church, Eſq;
	Francis Garbett, of Knill, Eſq;
	Sir Chandois Hoſkins, of Warewood, Bart.
Kent,	William Daniel Maſters, of Mereworth, Eſq;
	James Flint, of Oſpringe, Eſq;
	Horatio Man, of Biſhopſborne, Eſq;
Leiceſterſhire,	John Darker, of Stoughton, Eſq;
	Lebbeus Humfrey, of Kibworth Harcourt, Eſq;
	Henry Shuttleworth, of Great Bowden, Eſq;
Lincolnſhire,	Cowley Palmer, of Marton, Eſq;
	David Field, of Ulceby, Eſq;
	Charles Anderſon Pelham, of Brocklesby, Eſq;
Monmouthſhire,	John Hanbury Williams, of Leanforil, Eſq;
	Thomas Fletcher, of Monmouth, Eſq;
	Thomas Evans, of Langattock, Eſq;
Northumberland,	Richard Wharton, of Cooperton, Eſq;
	Charles Thomas Bigge, of Little Benton, Eſq;
	Francis Blake, of Crawley, Eſq;
Northamptonſhire,	Sir William Wake, of Cowrton Hall, Bart.
	Francis Boynon, of Spratton, Eſq;
	Allen Young, of Aldingbury, Eſq;
Norfolk,	John Marcon, of Swaffham, Eſq;
	John Bulders, of Baſham, Eſq;
	William Smith, of Topcroft, Eſq;
Nottinghamſhire,	Auguſtine Steedman, of North Leverton, Eſq;
	George Dunſton, of Worksop, Eſq;
	William Kirk, of East Retford, Eſq;
Oxfordſhire,	William Draper, of Nether Worton, Eſq;
	Thomas Willatts, of Caverſham, Eſq;
	William Lenthall, of Upton and Signet, Eſq;
Rutlandſhire,	Thomas Bullivant, of Aſhwell, Eſq;
	Joſeph Stubbins, of Barrowden, Eſq;
	Sir Gilbert Heathcote, of Normanton, Bart.
Shropſhire,	Joſeph Griffiths, of Dinthill, Eſq;
	John Kinchant, of Park, Eſq;
	John Dod, of Whitchurch, Eſq;
Somerſetſhire,	Henry Corniſh Henley, of Lee, Eſq;
	Thomas Coward the Younger, of Frethford, Eſq;
	Jas Tigott, of Brockley, Eſq;
Staffordſhire,	Thomas Hoo, of Barr, Eſq;
	Sir Thomas Broughton, of Broughton, Bart.
	John Wilhamſon, of Stafford, Eſq;
Suffolk,	John Freſton Scrivener, of Sipton, Eſq;
	Nathaniel Acton, of Bramford, Eſq;
	Thomas Maynard, of Wrentham, Eſq;
County of Southampton,	Richard Maidman, of Wickham, Eſq;
	John Richards, of Hambleton, Eſq;
	Edward Goddard, of Eaſt Woodley, Eſq;
Surry,	Thomas Kent, of Kingſton, Eſq;
	Roger Staples, of Mitcham, Eſq;
	John Ruſe, of Croydon, Eſq;
Suſſex,	William Richardſon, of Milland, Eſq;
	William Gratwicke, of Angmering, Eſq;
	Samuel Blunt, of Horſham, Eſq;
Warwickſhire,	Sir William Wheler, of Lemington Haſtings, Bart.
	John Vehour, of Wellſbourne, Eſq;
	Sir Thomas Gough, of Birmingham, Bart.
Worceſterſhire,	George Burriſh, of Droitwich, Eſq;
	William Hankins, of Redmarley, Eſq;
	Edmund Pytts, of Kyre, Eſq;
Wiltſhire,	Edward Poor, of Ruſhall, Eſq;
	William Langham Jones, of Ramſbury, Eſq;
	Peter Delmé, of Earl Stoke, Eſq;
Yorkſhire,	Bacon Frank, of Campſall, Eſq;
	Sir Griffith Boynton, of Burton Agnes, Bart.
	Sir William St. Quintin, of Scramſton, Bart.

Admiralty-Office, November 7, 1770.

Notice is hereby given, that a Seſſion of Oyer and Terminer and Gaol Delivery, for the Trial of Offences committed on the High Seas within the Juriſdiction of the Admiralty of England, will be held on Monday the 17th Day of December next, at Juſtice Hall in the Old Bailey, at Eight o'Clock in the Morning.

Ph. Stephens.

General Poſt-Office, November 12, 1770.

As great Numbers of Letters are daily returned to this Office, from the different Sea-Ports of theſe Kingdoms, the Seamen to whom they are directed being unable to pay the Poſtage, however deſirous they may be of hearing from their Friends and Families; It is therefore earneſtly recommended to all Perſons to pay the Poſtage beforehand, of ſuch Letters as are directed on Board any Ship or Veſſel, to prevent their being returned and opened here as dead and refuſed Letters.

By Command of the Poſtmaſter General,

Anth. Todd, *Secretary.*

Free Britiſh Fiſhery Office, Royal Exchange, Thurſday October 25, 1770.

The Preſident of the Society of the Free Britiſh Fiſhery doth hereby give Notice, that a General Court of the ſaid Society, will be held at this Office, on Friday the 7th of December next, from Eleven in the Forenoon till Two in the Afternoon, for the Election of a Governor, Preſident, Vice-Preſident, and alſo a Council, conſiſting of Thirty Perſons, out of and from the Members of the ſaid Society.

ORWELL.

The Eight following Gentlemen are choſen Directors of the Hand-in-Hand Fire-Office for the Year enſuing.

Mr. Th. Allen Barnard.	Mr. Zechariah Carleton.
Mr. Joſeph Flight.	Henry Neale, Eſq;
Mr. James Pearſon.	John Phillips, Eſq;
Thomas Scott, Eſq;	Mr. George Wright.

The Sixteen following are continued according to the Deed of Settlement.

Mr. Latham Arnold.	Joſeph Brockhurſt, Eſq;
Dyer Bond, Eſq;	Mr. John Davenport.
Guy Bryan, Eſq;	Mr. James Dixon.
Mr. Ja. Bogle French.	Mr. William Freke.
Mr. John Fullagar.	Barth. Hammond, Eſq;
Mr. James Johnſon.	Mr. Caleb Jeacocke.
Mr. George Webſter.	Richard Lateward, Eſq;
Mr. Tho. Wellings.	Mr. James Ward.

Assurance Office, Serjeants-Inn Fleet-Street,
November 13, 1770.

The Corporation of the Amicable Society for a Perpetual Assurance Office do hereby give Notice, that at Michaelmas last, Old Stile, the several Members, or their Nominees, upon the Policies numbered as follows, viz. 60, 183, 421, 422, 427, 495, 507, 548, 617, 672, 673, 674, 708, 722, 853, 855, 868, 882, 885, 926, 930, 967, 981, 993, 1005, 1006, 1007, 1022, 1027, 1124, 1125, 1129, 1130, 1142, 1143, 1178, 1401, *and* 1498, *were in Arrear in their Quarterly Payments or Contributions for One Year and One Quarter of a Year; and unless such Arrears are paid off within the Space of Three Calendar Months after the Publication hereof, such several Members and their Nominees, and their respective Executors, Administrators and Assigns, will, by Virtue of the Supplemental Charter of the said Society, be absolutely excluded from all Benefit and Advantage from such Policies.*

Joseph Baldwin, *Register.*

LONDON, October 1, 1770.

PROPOSALS

FOR RE-PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION

A DICTIONARY

OF THE

Arabick, Persian, and Turkish Languages,

Compiled and first Published by

MENINSKI,

IN FOUR VOLUMES FOLIO:

Revised and Corrected by

WILLIAM JONES, ESQ.

Fellow of UNIVERSITY-COLLEGE, Oxford,

Translator of the Life of NADER CHAH from the Persian.

With an ENGLISH TRANSLATION and INDEX.

IT is unnecessary in these Proposals to point out minutely the particular Excellence of the Dictionary which we propose to reprint, since it has been for near a Century admired by all Europe, and its extreme Scarcity universally regretted. A Work which for so long a Period has met with general Approbation, and has been sought with such Avidity by Men of every Rank and Profession, must, certainly, have a real and intrinsick Merit, to which no Commendation can add, and from which no Censure can detract.

It may not however be improper to subjoin a few Arguments in Favour of this Work, and demonstrate its peculiar Usefulness in facilitating the Attainment of the Persian (a Language at present of such Importance to the Honourable East-India Company) more especially as those who are unacquainted with the Subject might possibly imagine that a Dictionary including the ARABICK and TURKISH as well as the PERSIAN, was not necessary for those who wish to acquire a Knowledge of the PERSIAN *only*.

The Dialects of Arabia and Persia were extremely different in their Origin; but they were entirely united and blended together when the Arabs spread over Asia their Arms, their Religion, and their Learning. The conquered Nations received with Eagerness the Literature of their Conquerors: They considered it as a Mark of Erudition and of Elegance to use Arabick Words and Expressions, and to fill their Writings with Allusions to the Arabian Poems and Proverbs: Besides, from a Principle of Piety, they adopted the Language and even the Letters of their Koran. The Ottoman Conquests in After-times diffused their Dialect over half the East; it became even the Language of the Court of Persia, where it is still spoken, and made its Way into many Parts of India; thus, by Degrees, the Idioms of those Tongues were almost changed, and became Dialects of one vast Language, which mutually enrich and illustrate each other; like a Number of little States, resigning their private Laws, and concurring to form one extensive Empire.

Several very learned Turks, it may also be observed, have translated and explained in their Dialect the most celebrated Poems of Persia, which would be absolutely unintelligible to us without such Explanation; and even their Military Terms, in some of the modern Persian Histories, are borrowed from the Turks. As the proper understanding of one Word or Phrase, therefore, determines often the Sense of a whole Passage, where such Word or Phrase in the Writings of a Persian happens to be Turkish or Arabick, it is obvious that a Dictionary where these three Languages are displayed at one View can only solve the Difficulty; and that a Dictionary of the Persian alone could in such Case afford no Manner of Assistance. Exclusive also of the Advantage which the Persic Student must receive from an Acquaintance with the Arabick and the Turkish, these Languages may be of Importance to the Honourable East-India Company's Servants in their commercial or political Concerns at Mocha, Bassora, and other Places under the Turkish Dominion on the Red-Sea or Persian Gulph; the Arabick being in many of those Countries the vulgar Tongue, and Turkish the Language of the Great Officers of State.

To conclude: These three Languages, or, more properly, these three Dialects of one Language, are by no Means so difficult as we are taught to believe: A moderate Application for a few Months will enable the Learner to proceed with Ease and Pleasure, and in a few Years he may read and write them with Facility; in which Study the Dictionary of MENINSKI will afford him all the Assistance he can require; as the best Orientalists have derived their Knowledge from it, and its Utility been so peculiarly experienced by Gentlemen in India, that they have sent Commissions to England to purchase it at any Price; whilst Dictionaries of the Persian only, have been considered of no Value, as inadequate to teach the Language.

The Oriental Words and Phrases are explained by MENINSKI in Five European Languages, Latin, French, Italian, German, and Polish: But for the Use of our Countrymen, to whom those Languages may not be familiar, we shall add an English Translation, and an Index of every Word.

The Types designed for this Work are entirely new, and are copied from the most elegant Arabian Characters, in which all the Books of polite Literature in the East are written; and which are intelligible to every Mahometan, as the Koran is expressed in no other: But that nothing may be omitted, we shall insert several Plates of Persian Odes, engraved from the most beautiful Manuscripts in the common flowing Hand used in India.

From FIFTY to SIXTY GUINEAS is the present Price of a Copy of MENINSKI: But in order to bring this great and useful Work within the Compass of general Purchase, the proposed improved Edition will be delivered to Subscribers at TWELVE GUINEAS: It is hoped therefore the Subscription will be proportionably liberal; and that those who consider this Publication as an Object of Encouragement, will send their Address as early as possible.——A Copy will not be sold to Non-Subscribers under SIXTEEN GUINEAS.——This Work it is expected will be published in 1773.

A LIST of the SUBSCRIBERS will be prefixed to the Work.

SUBSCRIPTIONS are received and RECEIPTS given by W. and J. RICHARDSON, No 12 and 13 in Salisbury-Court, and No 76 in Fleet-Street, where may be had Proposals at large.

Six Guineas to be paid at Subscribing, and Six Guineas on the Delivery of the Book in Sheets.

This Day is published,

Complete in Five Volumes in FOLIO,

A Digest of the Laws of ENGLAND.

By the Right Hon. Sir JOHN COMYNS, Knt.
Late Lord Chief Baron of His Majesty's Court of Exchequer.

Printed by H. Woodfall and W. Strahan, Law-Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty, for T. Longman and R. Horsfield.

Where may be had, Any of the Volumes to complete Sets.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, and a subsequent Order of the 28th of July last, such of the Persons, as claimed in due Time a Share of the Legacy of Twenty Thousand Pounds therein mentioned, and have not yet proved their Claims to the Satisfaction of Sir John Honywood, Bart. Abraham Atkins, Esq; and Edwin Martin, Esq; the Acting Executors of Fraser Honywood, Esq; deceased, are forthwith to come before the said Acting Executors, at Mr. Grubb's at Fishmongers Hall in Upper Thames-street, London, in order to make out the same, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Decree.

PURSUANT to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, the Bond Creditors of Robert Walcott, late of Isleworth in the County of Middlesex, Miller, deceased, are to come in and prove their Debts before John Eames, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn Chancery-Lane, London.

PURSUANT to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, the Creditors and Legatees, or the Representatives of the Creditors and Legatees of John Johnson, late of the Parish of St. Bennet Paulls Wharf in the City of London, Sugar-Refiner, deceased, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts and claim their Legacies before William Graves, Esq; one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn Chancery-Lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the said Order.

THE Creditors of James Fear, late of the Hot Well in the Parish of Clifton in the County of Gloucester, Carpenter, a Fugitive, discharged out of Wood-Street Compter, London, by virtue of an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of His present Majesty, for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, are desired to meet on Friday the 23d Instant, at the House of Mathew Meade the Younger, called the Bath Tavern, in Corn-Street, Bristol, in order to make Choice of a proper Person or Persons to be Assignee or Assignees of the Estate and Effects of the said James Fear, in pursuance of the said Act.